

## ABSTRACT

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In a circuit driving a capacitive load  $C_p$ , current passed through a transistor  $Q_3$ , a diode  $D_1$  and a recovering coil  $L$  is passed through lines  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$ , and the inductance components of the lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ , and the drain-source capacitances of the transistors  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  generate LC resonance. Capacitors  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are connected in parallel to the drain-source regions of the transistors  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  to increase the total drain-source capacitance and reduce the resonance frequency, so that unwanted electromagnetic wave radiation in a frequency band affecting other electronic devices is suppressed.